

## NR14 - Early High-Frequency 'Acorn' Triode



The NR14, AP (Admiralty Pattern) 7406 was one of the first valves designed to operate at high frequencies. To reduce parasitic capacitance, the electrodes are very small, the grid consists of a few turns of thin wire, and the anode is a thin strip arranged diagonally. It was introduced around 1925 by Marconi-Osram. Later coded as CV1150.

Filament operated at 4 V, 0.1 A.