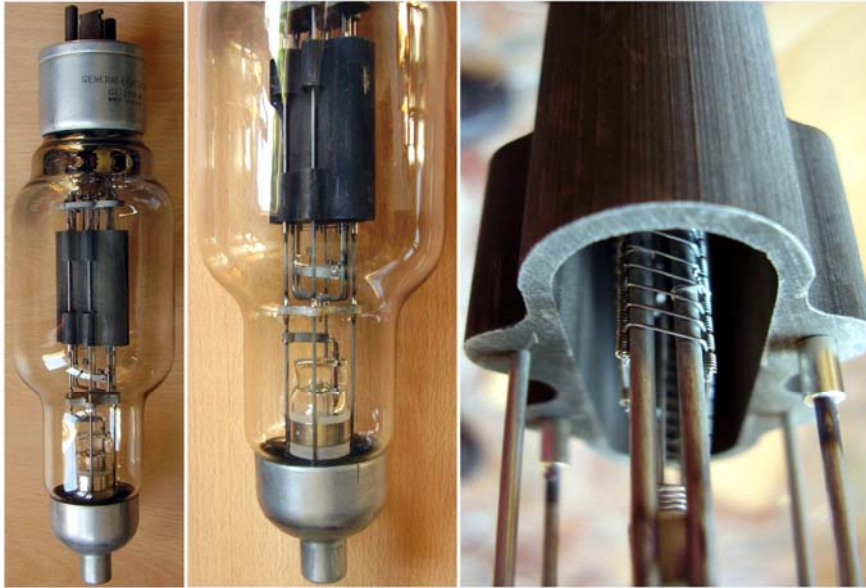


GL-204-A / 204A - Transmitting Power Triode



UV-204 was one of the early high-power transmitting triodes appeared after the Great War, in 1921. At the beginning it had spherical bulb and tungsten filament. The improved UV-204A was introduced in the mid twenties, with cylindrical stepped bulb and thoriated-tungsten filament. It was usually operated with forced-air cooling directed to the body, mounted upside-down, the special blade-and-pins base on the top. The above sample has graphite plate.

250 W max plate power dissipation. 11 V at 3.85 A filament. The tube could be used up to 3 MHz full ratings and up to 30 MHz at reduced ratings. Data for [GL-204-A](#).

